Company Registration Number: 200204369H

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

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Company Registration No.: 200204369H

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

The directors are pleased to present their statement to the members together with the audited financial statements of ALIFE LTD. (the "Company") for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

1 OPINION OF THE DIRECTORS

In the opinion of the directors,

- (i) the financial statements of the Company are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2020 and the financial performance, changes in funds and cash flows of the Company for the financial year then ended; and
- (ii) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

2 DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company in office at the date of this statement are:

Dr. Peter Chew Chee Tong Dr. Gamaliel Tan Yu-Heng Raphael Lee Chin Hong San Saw Woon Siew Yeow Loye Ong Kek Seng Roger Suppiah Ep Cavert Maleena

(Appointed on 22 July 2019)

As at 30 June 2020, the Company has 3 members. Under Article 7 of its Constitution, the members of the Company guarantee to contribute a sum not exceeding \$2 per member to the assets of the Company in the event of it being wound up.

3 ARRANGEMENTS TO ENABLE DIRECTORS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

The Company is limited by guarantee and has no share capital.

None of the directors holding office at the end of the financial year is a party to any arrangement whose objects are, or one of whose objects is, to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, any other body corporate.

4 DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES OR DEBENTURES

As the Company is limited by guarantee and has no share capital, none of the directors holding office at the end of the financial year had an interest in the Company.

According to the register of directors' shareholdings, kept by the Company under section 164 of the Singapore Companies Act, Chapter 50 (the "Act"), the directors of the Company who held office at the end of the financial year had no interests in shares or debentures of the Company's related corporations, either at the beginning of the financial year, or at the date of appointment if later, or at the end of the financial year.

5 SHARE OPTIONS

The Company does not have any share capital and accordingly has not issued any share options.

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

6 AUDITOR

Helmi Talib LLP has expressed its willingness to accept re-appointment as auditor.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

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DR. PETER CHEW CHEE TONG

Founding Director

tan Yu-Hung Gamalill

DR. GAMALIEL TAN YU-HENG

Chairman

14 December 2020



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ALIFE LTD.

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

An Independent Member Firm of IAPA

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of ALIFE LTD. (the "Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, and the statement of financial activities, statement of changes in funds and statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 (the "Act"), the Singapore Charities Act, Chapter 37 and other relevant regulations (the "Charities Act and Regulations") and Financial Reporting Standards in Singapore ("FRSs") so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2020 and of the financial performance, changes in funds and cash flows of the Company for the financial year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority ("ACRA") *Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities* ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' Statement set out on pages 1 to 2.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act and FRSs, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

An Independent Member Firm of:





Helmi Talib LLP is an accounting limited liability partnership [Registration Number (UEN) T20LL1986E] registered in Singapore under the Limited Liability Partnerships Act (Chapter 163A).

Helmi Talib LLP is converted from Helmi Talib & Co [Registration Number (UEN) S92PF0459G] effective from 10 December 2020.

Helmi Talih LLP

Responsibilities of Management and Directors for the Financial Statements (Continued)

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high-level assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.







Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Charities Act and Regulations.

During the course of our audit, nothing has come to our attention that caused us to believe that during the financial year;

- (a) the use of the donation monies was not in accordance with the objective of the Company as required under regulation 11 (Use of donations) of the Charities (Institutions of a Public Character) Regulations; and
- (b) the Company has not complied with the requirements of regulation 15 (Fund-raising expenses) of the Charities (Institutions of a Public Character) Regulations.

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HELMI TALIB LLP

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants

Singapore

14 December 2020

Partner-in-charge : Suriyati binti Mohamed Yusof

PAB No. : 01627







ALIFE LTD.Company Registration No.: 200204369H

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

	,		2019		
		Unrestricted <u>Funds</u>	Restricted <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Total</u>
	Note	\$	\$	\$	\$
<u>Income</u>					
Income from generated funds					
Voluntary income	5	178,356	-	178,356	157,308
Investment income	5	1,135	-	1,135	2,238
	•	179,491	-	179,491	159,546
Income from charitable activities	5	16,637	213,269	229,906	83,534
Total income		196,128	213,269	409,397	243,080
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Cost of generating funds	5	(313)	-	(313)	(932)
Cost of charitable activities	5	(307,579)	(10,442)	(318,021)	(393,705)
Governance costs	5	(5,794)	(4,280)	(10,074)	(4,765)
Total expenditures	,	(313,686)	(14,722)	(328,408)	(399,402)
Net income (expenditure) for the					
financial year	,	(117,558)	198,547	80,989	(156,322)

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 June 2020

		<u>2020</u>	2019 (As restated - Note 15)
	Note	SGD	SGD
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	502,748	420,987
Other receivables	7	2,572	2,998
Total current assets		505,320	423,985
Non-current assets			
Plant and equipment	8	3,662	7,113
Total non-current assets		3,662	7,113
Total assets	_	508,982	431,098
Liabilities and funds			
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Other payables	9	22,690	25,795
Total current liabilities		22,690	25,795
Total liabilities		22,690	25,795
Funds			
Unrestricted funds			
General funds	5	218,871	336,429
Total unrestricted funds		218,871	336,429
Restricted funds			
Care and Share Matching Grant	5, 12	262,915	68,874
VCF ICT Grant	5	1,150	-
Community Chest Fund	5	3,356	
Total restricted funds	<u> </u>	267,421	68,874
Total funds	<u> </u>	486,292	405,303
Total liabilities and funds	<u> </u>	508,982	431,098

ALIFE LTD.

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUNDS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

	Unrestricted funds (as restated - Note 15)			Total funds			
	General <u>fund</u> SGD	Total unrestricted <u>funds</u> SGD	Care and Share Matching <u>Grant</u> SGD	VCF ICT <u>Grant</u> SGD	Community Chest <u>fund</u> SGD	Total restricted <u>funds</u> SGD	SGD
Balance as at 30 June 2018	508,794	508,794	52,831	-	-	52,831	561,625
Net (expenditure) income for the financial year	(172,365)	(172,365)	16,043	-	-	16,043	(156,322)
Balance as at 30 June 2019	336,429	336,429	68,874	-	-	68,874	405,303
Net (expenditure) income for the financial year	(117,558)	(117,558)	194,041	1,150	3,356	198,547	80,989
Gross transfer to (from) funds Cost allocated to (from) funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 30 June 2020	218,871	218,871	262,915	1,150	3,356	267,421	486,292

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

	Note	2020 SGD	2019 SGD
Cash flows from operating activities Net income (expenditure) for the financial year		80,989	(156,322)
Net income (expenditure) for the infancial year	_	00,303	(130,322)
Adjustments for			
Depreciation of plant and equipment	8	7,571	7,113
Interest income	5	(1,135)	(2,238)
Bad debts recovered		<u> </u>	(960)
Total adjustments to net expenditure		6,436	3,915
Total operating cash flows before changes		87,425	(152,407)
in working capital		o.,o	(10-,101)
Net cash flows used in operating activities			
Changes in working capital			
Decrease in other receivables		426	7,478
(Decrease)/increase in other payables		(3,105)	3,453
Total changes in working capital	_	(2,679)	10,931
Net cash flows generated from/(used in) operating activities	_	84,746	(141,476)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received		1,135	2,238
Purchase of plant and equipment		(4,120)	<u>-</u>
Net cash flows (used in)/generated from investing activities	_	(2,985)	2,238
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		81,761	(139,238)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		420,987	560,225
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	6	502,748	420,987
Net cash flows			
Net cash flows generated from/(used in) operating activities		84,746	(141,476)
Net cash flows (used in)/generated from investing activities		(2,985)	2,238
•			

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

1 GENERAL

ALIFE LTD. (the "Company") is a public company limited by guarantee incorporated in Singapore on 21 May 2002 with its registered office and principal place of business situated at 308 Shunfu Road, #01-165, Singapore 570308.

The Company is an approved charity under the Charities Act, Chapter 37 since 27 November 2002, and has been accorded the status of an Institution of Public Character ("IPC") for the period from 12 February 2015 to 28 February 2017. The Company has renewed its IPC status with effect from 28 February 2019 to 27 February 2021. The registration number is IPC000698.

The principal activities of the Company are that of providing education, counselling and medical assistance to couples considering alternatives to pregnancy terminations, to promote, generate, foster, develop and inculcate awareness of alternatives to pregnancy terminations through appropriate educational and community outreach programmes and to train individuals to be counsellors and members of support group for couples considering alternatives to pregnancy terminations. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

The financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2020 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors as at the date of Directors' Statement.

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 <u>Basis of preparation</u>

The financial statements of the Company have been drawn up in accordance with the Singapore Companies Act (Chapter 50) (the "Act"), the Charities Act (Chapter 37) and Financial Reporting Standards in Singapore ("FRSs"). The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The financial statements are presented in Singapore Dollar ("SGD" or "\$"), which is the Company's functional currency.

2.2 Adoption of new and amended standards and interpretations

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except that in the current financial year, the Company has adopted all the new and amended standards which are relevant to the Company and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2019. The adoption of these standards did not have any material effect on the financial performance or position of the Company.

2.3 <u>Standards issued but not yet effective</u>

The Company has not adopted the following standards and interpretations that have been issued but not yet effective:

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

Description

Various : Amendments to References to the Conceptual

Framework in FRS Standards

1 January 2020

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.3 <u>Standards issued but not yet effective</u> (Continued)

The directors expect that the adoption of the standard above will have no material impact on the financial statements in the year of initial application.

2.4 Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are measured in the functional currency of the Company and are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency at exchange rates approximating those ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at the end of the reporting period are recognised in the statement of financial activities.

2.5 Plant and equipment

All items of plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Subsequent to recognition, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. The cost of plant and equipment initially recognised includes its purchase price and any cost that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Dismantlement, removal or restoration costs are included as part of the costs of plant and equipment if the obligation for dismantlement, removal or restoration is incurred as a consequence of acquiring or using the asset.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

	<u>Useful Lives</u>
Computer equipment	1-3 years
Office equipment	3 years
Renovation	3 years

The carrying values of plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the asset is included in the statement of financial activities in the year the asset is derecognised.

2.6 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, (or, where applicable, when an annual impairment testing for an asset is required), the Company makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount.

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.6 Impairment of non-financial assets (Continued)

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of financial activities.

A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increase cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised previously. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

2.7 <u>Financial instruments</u>

(a) Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised when, and only when the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in the statement of financial activities.

Subsequent measurement

Amortised cost

Financial assets that are held for the collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of financial activities when the assets are derecognised or impaired, and through amortisation process.

Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised where the contractual right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income for debt instruments is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

(b) Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised when, and only when, the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Company determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.7 Financial instruments (Continued)

(b) Financial liabilities (Continued)

Initial recognition and measurement (Continued)

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus in the case of financial liabilities not at FVPL, directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

After initial recognition, financial liabilities that are not carried at FVPL are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement s when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. On derecognition, the difference between the carrying amounts and the consideration paid is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

2.8 Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL"). ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is recognised for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For trade receivables, the Company applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Company does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment which could affect debtors' ability to pay.

The Company considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

2.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash and cash equivalents carried in the statement of financial position is classified and accounted for as financial asset at amortised cost.

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.10 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events where it is probable that it will result in an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

2.11 Government grants

Government grants are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and all attaching conditions will be complied with. Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is recognised as deferred capital grant on the statement of financial position and is amortised to the statement of financial activities over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments.

Where loans or similar assistance are provided by governments or related institutions with an interest rate below the current applicable market rate, the effect of this favourable interest is regarded as additional government grant.

2.12 Employee benefits

(a) Defined contribution plans

The Company makes contributions to the Central Provident Fund ("CPF") scheme in Singapore, a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions to defined contribution pension schemes are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is performed.

(b) Employee leave entitlement

The Company grants fixed entitlements of annual leave to its employees at the beginning of the financial year. Any unused annual leave as at year-end can only be carried forwarded to the following financial year. At the end of the next financial year, the unused leave will then be forfeited. The Company does not encash unutilised leave.

2.13 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Revenue is recognised when the Company satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service to the customer, which is when the customer obtains control of the good or service. A performance obligation may be satisfied at a point in time or over time. The amount of revenue recognised is the amount allocated to the satisfied performance obligation.

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.13 Revenue recognition (Continued)

(a) Donations / Sponsorships

Income from donations / sponsorships from events held by the Company or events participated by the Company, is accounted for when received, except for committed donations that are recorded when the commitments are signed. Donations are usually categorised as tax deductible and non-tax-deductible donations.

(b) Government Grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and all attaching conditions will be complied with. Government grants are targeted at Agencies that provide social services and develop programmes to serve social service beneficiaries better.

2.14 <u>Funds</u>

(a) Unrestricted Funds

Unrestricted funds comprise general funds. General funds are used for the general purposes of the Company and the Caterpillar Club, as set out in its governing document. If part of an unrestricted fund is earmarked for a particular project, it may be designated as a separate fund, but the designation has an administrative purpose only, and does not legally restrict the Board of Directors' discretion to apply the fund.

(b) Restricted Fund

Restricted funds are funds subject to specific funded programmes by government, charity bodies and donors, but still within the wider objects of the Company.

Restricted funds may only be utilised in accordance with the purposes established by the sources of such funds whereas unrestricted fund can be used in a manner the Company sees fit in achieving its institutional purposes.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the end of the reporting period. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future periods.

3.1 Judgements made in applying accounting policies

The management is of the opinion that there are no significant judgements (other than those involving estimates) that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

3.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Management is of the opinion that there are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

4 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The related party transactions are between the Company and its directors and the effect of these transactions are reflected in the financial statements on the basis determined between the parties. The related party balances are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand unless otherwise stated.

(a) Significant related party transactions

		<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
		\$	\$
	Founding Director, Dr. Peter Chew Chee Tong		
	Donations received from director		4,000
		<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
		<u>====</u> \$	\$
	Chairman, Tan Yu-Heng Gamaliel	Ψ	•
	Donations received from director	600	5,050
		2020	2019
		\$	\$
	Secretary, Raphael Lee Chin Hong	·	·
	Donations received from director	1,760	1,050
(b)	Compensation of key management personnel		
		2020	<u>2019</u>
		\$	\$
	Salaries, employer's CPF and other short-term		
	benefits	58,643	26,543

The compensation of key management personnel comprising basic salary, bonuses, allowances and employer's contributions to Central Provident Fund of the key management personnel.

Key management personnel comprise the General Manager and all managerial positions of the Company.

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

4	RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES	(Continued)
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(b) Compensation of key management personnel (Continued)

The annual remuneration (comprising basic salary, bonuses, allowances and employer's contributions to Central Provident Fund) of the key management personnel classified by remuneration bands are as follows:

\$0 - \$50,000 <u>2019</u> 1

None of the key management personnel received compensation above \$50,000.

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Company Registration No.: 200204369H

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

5 DETAILED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

								2019
	Unres Fur	Restricted Funds				Total	Total	
	General <u>Fund</u> \$	Total Unrestricted <u>Funds</u> \$	Care and Share Matching <u>Grant</u> \$	VCF ICT Grant \$	Community Chest Fund \$	Total Restricted <u>Funds</u>	\$	*
INCOME								
Income from generated funds Voluntary income								
Donations received	114,511	114,511	_	_	_	-	114,511	97,474
Caterpillar Club Fund donation received	10	10	-	-	-	-	10	280
Fund raising projects	4,708	4,708	-	-	-	-	4,708	38,667
Sundry income	59,127	59,127		-	-		59,127	20,887
	178,356	178,356	-	-	-	-	178,356	157,308
Investment income								
Fixed deposit interest income	1,135	1,135	-	-	-	-	1,135	2,238
Total income from generated funds	179,491	179,491		-	-	<u>-</u>	179,491	159,546
Income from charitable activities								
Grants	13,973	13,973	208,763	1,150	3,356	213,269	227,242	74,883
Seminars and workshops	2,664	2,664	-	-	-	-	2,664	6,521
Movie and Talk events				-	-			2,130
Total income from charitable activities	16,637	16,637	208,763	1,150	3,356	213,269	229,906	83,534
Total income	196,128	196,128	208,763	1,150	3,356	213,269	409,397	243,080

ALIFE LTD.

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

5 **DETAILED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES** (Continued)

	2020							2019
	Unres Fur		Restricted Funds				Total	Total
	General Fund \$	Total Unrestricted <u>Funds</u> \$	Care and Share Matching Grant \$	VCF ICT Grant \$	Community Chest Fund	Total Restricted <u>Funds</u>	\$	\$
Expenditures								
Cost of generating funds								
Cost of generating voluntary income		45.45					4	4
Fund raising project expenses (Note 13)	(313)	(313)	-	-	-	-	(313)	(932)
Cost of charitable activities								
Staff salaries and bonus	(227,831)	(227,831)	-	-	-	-	(227,831)	(286,919)
Caterpillar Club expenditure	(273)	(273)	(370)	-	-	(370)	(643)	(2,137)
Employer's contribution to Central Provident Funds	(26,718)	(26,718)	-	-	-	-	(26,718)	(31,198)
Contract fee	(18,803)	(18,803)	-	-	-	-	(18,803)	(2,046)
Rental of premises	(9,389)	(9,389)	-	-	-	-	(9,389)	(12,519)
Depreciation of plant and equipment	(7,571)	(7,571)	-	-	-	-	(7,571)	(7,113)
Stationery, office supplies, and postage	(1,838)	(1,838)	(6,054)	-	-	(6,054)	(7,892)	(2,565)
Telephone	(5,683)	(5,683)	-	-	-	-	(5,683)	(9,139)
Staff training	-	-	(3,394)	-	-	(3,394)	(3,394)	(209)
Utilities	(3,147)	(3,147)	-	-	-	-	(3,147)	(3,513)
Upkeep of office premises and equipment	(2,378)	(2,378)	-	-	-	-	(2,378)	(673)
Insurance	(1,922)	(1,922)	-	-	-	-	(1,922)	(303)
Skill development levy	(588)	(588)	-	-	-	-	(588)	(747)
Refreshment	(537)	(537)	-	-	-	-	(537)	(756)
Bank charges	(321)	(321)	-	-	-	-	(321)	(256)

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

5 **DETAILED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES** (Continued)

	2020							2019
	Unrestricted Funds		Restricted Funds				Total	Total
	General <u>Fund</u> \$	Total Unrestricted <u>Funds</u> \$	Care and Share Matching Grant \$	VCF ICT Grant \$	Community Chest Fund	Total Restricted <u>Funds</u>	\$	\$
Expenditures								
Cost of charitable activities								
IT related expenses	(75)	(75)	(199)	-	-	(199)	(274)	(2,130)
Seminars and workshop expenses	-	-	(173)	-	-	(173)	(173)	(24,972)
Event expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,691)
Transport	(87)	(87)	-	-	-	-	(87)	(4,377)
Postage and delivery	(72)	(72)	-	-	-	-	(72)	(120)
Medical expenses	(20)	(20)	-	-	-	-	(20)	(30)
Doubtful debts recovered	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	960
Entertainment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(253)
Miscellaneous	(326)	(326)	(252)	-	-	(252)	(578)	(999)
	(307,579)	(307,579)	(10,442)	-	-	(10,442)	(318,021)	(393,705)

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

5 **DETAILED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES** (Continued)

	2020							
	Unrestricted Funds		Restricted Funds				Total	Total
	General Fund \$	Total Unrestricted <u>Funds</u> \$	Care and Share Matching Grant \$	VCF ICT Grant \$	Community Chest Fund	Total Restricted <u>Funds</u> \$	\$	\$
Expenditures								
Governance costs								
Auditor's remuneration	(5,194)	(5,194)	-	-	-	-	(5,194)	(3,745)
HR consultancy	-	-	(4,280)	-	-	(4,280)	(4,280)	-
Secretarial services	(600)	(600)	-	-	-	-	(600)	(900)
Filing fee				-	-	-		(120)
	(5,794)	(5,794)	(4,280)	-	-	(4,280)	(10,074)	(4,765)
Total expenditure	(313,686)	(313,686)	(14,722)	-	-	(14,722)	(328,408)	(399,402)
Net income (expenditure) for the financial year	(117,558)	(117,558)	194,041	1,150	3,356	198,547	80,989	(156,322)
Total funds brought forward	336,429	336,429	68,874	-	-	68,874	405,303	561,625
Total funds carried forward	218,871	218,871	262,915	1,150	3,356	267,421	486,292	405,303

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

6 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	\$	\$
Cash at banks	502,313	268,937
Cash on hand	435	289
Fixed deposit		151,761
	502,748	420,987

Cash at banks bears interest at prevailing bank interest rates.

Fixed deposits amounting to nil (2019: \$151,761) earn an interest at rates ranging from 0.40% to 1.45% per annum.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the balances as shown above.

Cash and cash equivalents are denominated in Singapore Dollar.

7 OTHER RECEIVABLES

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	\$	\$
Deposits	1,498	1,498
Prepayments	1,074	300
Outside parties		1,200
	2,572	2,998
Total other receivables (excluding prepayments)	1,498	2,698
Add: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	502,748	420,987
Total financial assets carried at amortised cost	504,246	423,685

Other receivables are denominated in Singapore Dollar.

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Company Registration No.: 200204369H

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

8 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Office <u>Equipment</u> \$	Computer <u>Equipment</u> \$	Renovation \$	<u>Total</u> \$
Cost				
At 30 June 2018	36,049	13,359	13,142	62,550
Additions	-	-	-	-
At 30 June 2019	36,049	13,359	13,142	62,550
Additions	<u>-</u> _	4,120	<u> </u>	4,120
At 30 June 2020	36,049	17,479	13,142	66,670
Accumulated depreciation				
At 30 June 2018	27,791	13,359	7,174	48,324
Charge for the financial year	4,129		2,984	7,113
At 30 June 2019	31,920	13,359	10,158	55,437
Charge for the financial year	4,129	458	2,984	7,571
At 30 June 2020	36,049	13,817	13,142	63,008
Net carrying amount				
At 30 June 2019	4,129	-	2,984	7,113
At 30 June 2020	-	3,662		3,662

9 OTHER PAYABLES

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	\$	\$
Accrued operating expenses	17,575	21,292
Outside parties	3,265	4,503
Deferred grant income - NCSS COMCHEST Funding	1,850	
	22,690	25,795
Total financial liabilities carried at amortised cost (excluding deferred grant income)	20,840	25,795

Other payables are denominated in Singapore Dollar.

10 INCOME TAX

The Company is an approved charitable institution under the Singapore Charities Act, Chapter 37. Accordingly, the Company is exempted from income tax.

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

11 TAX DECUCTIBLE DONATIONS

During the financial year, the Company issued tax deductible receipts for donations collected totalling to \$109,335 (2019: \$126,166). AS an IPC, the Company enjoys the concessionary tax treatment whereby qualifying donors are granted enhanced tax deductions for the donations made to the Company.

12 FUNDS ACCOUNT BALANCES

Care and Share Matching Grant

Integral to the SG50 Celebration, National Council of Social Service initiated the Care and Share movement — a national fund-raising and volunteerism movement. With the support from Government, eligible donations raised by Volunteer Welfare Organisations ("VWO") from 1 December 2013 to 31 December 2016 is matched dollar-for-dollar to develop social service related VWOs and their programmes to better serve beneficiaries. VWOs can use the grant in four areas namely

- (i) capability building,
- (ii) capacity building,
- (iii) new programmes/enhancement/expansion of existing services and
- (iv) critical existing needs.

The grant quantum was enhanced in 2015. It was increased to 1.25 times matching for first \$1 million donations received followed by a dollar matched for next \$1 million. Overall matching by the Government is capped at \$2.25 million for the \$2 million raised by VWO within the qualifying period. The utilisation of grant expires on 30 June 2022.

13 FUND-RAISING APPEAL

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	\$	\$
Gross donations, representing total receipts from		
fund-raising activities (Note 5)	119,229	136,421
Direct fund-raising expenses (Note 5)	313	932
Percentage of direct fund-raising expenses to total receipts	0.3%	0.7%

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

14 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks from its operations. The key financial risks arising from the Company's financial instrument is liquidity risk. The Company has no credit risk, foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and market price risk.

The directors review and agree policies and procedures for the management of these risks, which are executed by the management team. It is, and has been throughout the current and previous financial year, the Company's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes shall be undertaken.

The following sections provide details regarding the Company's exposure to the abovementioned financial risks and the objectives, policies and processes for the management of these risks.

There has been no change to the Company's exposure to these financial risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Company will encounter difficulties in meeting its short-term obligations due to shortage of funds. The Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities. It is managed by matching the payment and receipt cycles.

In the management of liquidity risk, the Company monitors and maintains a level of cash deemed adequate by management to finance the Company's operations and mitigate the effect of fluctuations in cash flows. The Company also places its cash and cash equivalents with reputable banks and finances its activities through its own surplus funds. Liquidity risk for the Company is minimal as the Company is able to meet its funding requirements through its operations.

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Company Registration No.: 200204369H

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

14 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(a) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial assets and liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations.

	Note	Carrying amount \$	Contractual cash flows	Less than one year
2020		·		·
Financial assets	_			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	502,748	502,748	502,748
Other receivables (excluding prepayments)	7	1,498	1,498	1,498
Total undiscounted financial assets		504,246	504,246	504,246
Financial liabilities				
Other payables (excluding deferred grant income)	9	20,840	20,840	20,840
Total undiscounted financial liabilities		20,840	20,840	20,840
Total net undiscounted financial assets	=	483,406	483,406	483,406
2019				
Financial assets	_			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	420,987	420,987	420,987
Other receivables (excluding prepayments)	7	2,698	2,698	2,698
Total undiscounted financial assets		423,685	423,685	423,685
Financial liabilities				
Other payables	9	25,795	25,795	25,795
Total undiscounted financial liabilities		25,795	25,795	25,795
Total net undiscounted financial assets	=	397,890	397,890	397,890

(b) Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities reported in the statement of financial position approximates the carrying amounts of those assets and liabilities, as these are short-term in nature.

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

14 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities (Continued)

During the financial year, no amount (2019: nil) has been recognised in the statement of activities in relation to the change in fair value of financial assets or financial liabilities, estimated using a valuation technique.

(c) Assets and liabilities not measured at fair value

Cash and cash equivalents, other receivables and other payables

The carrying amounts of these balances approximates their fair values due to the short-term nature of these balances.

15 MANAGEMENT OF RESERVES

The Company regards its unrestricted general fund available to the Company as its reserves. The Company's reserve policy requires it to maintain sufficient reserve to ensure long term financial sustainability and continuity for the purpose of operating effective programmes, which includes transfer between funds. Utilisation of reserves is determined by the Board of Directors of the Company.

The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from the previous financial year.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

16 COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

(a) Reclassification of Caterpillar Club Fund

During the financial year, the Company confirms to acknowledge that they should recognise its Caterpillar Club Fund as an unrestricted fund.

By categorising Caterpillar Club Funds as restricted, the Company views that it does not reflect the true nature of the funds as the funding of the club is from general donations, an unrestricted fund. The statement of financial position of the Company has been restated to correct each of the affected financial line items for prior periods.

Company Registration No.: 200204369H

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020

16 COMPARATIVE INFORMATION (Continued)

(b) Restatement of the Care and Share Grant

The prior year balance of the care and share grant was restated to correctly show the balance based on the grant utilisation reports.

The following tables summarise the impacts on the Company's financial statements:

Statement of financial position

As at 30 June 2019	As previously reported	Reclassification and Restatement	As restated
	\$	\$	\$
Funds			
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	388,476	(52,047)	336,429
Total unrestricted funds	388,476	(52,047)	336,429
Restricted funds			
Caterpillar Club Fund	16,827	(16,827)	-
Care and Share Matching Grant		68,874	68,874
Total restricted funds	16,827	52,047	68,874
Total funds	405,303	-	405,303